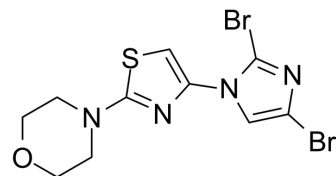


## VPC-14449

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-116501		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1621375-32-3		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>10</sub> Br <sub>2</sub> N <sub>4</sub> OS		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	394.09		
<b>Target:</b>	Androgen Receptor		
<b>Pathway:</b>	Others		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

<b>In Vitro</b>	DMSO : 125 mg/mL (317.19 mM; Need ultrasonic)			
		Solvent Concentration	Mass	
			1 mg	5 mg
			10 mg	
<b>Preparing Stock Solutions</b>	<b>1 mM</b>	2.5375 mL	12.6875 mL	25.3749 mL
	<b>5 mM</b>	0.5075 mL	2.5375 mL	5.0750 mL
	<b>10 mM</b>	0.2537 mL	1.2687 mL	2.5375 mL
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.				
<b>In Vivo</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 40% PEG300 &gt;&gt; 5% Tween-80 &gt;&gt; 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.28 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.28 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.28 mM); Clear solution</li> </ol>			

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	VPC-14449 is a potent and selective inhibitor of the DNA-binding domain of the androgen receptor (AR-DBD), with IC <sub>50</sub> of 0.34 μM for full-length human AR. VPC-14449 reduces the ability of full-length AR as well as AR variants to interact with chromatin. VPC-14449 can be used for the research of prostate cancer <sup>[1][2]</sup> .
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	IC <sub>50</sub> : 0.34 μM (AR-DBD) <sup>[1]</sup>
<b>In Vitro</b>	VPC-14449 (0.01-100 μM; 24 h) inhibits AR-transcriptional activity and cell viability in LNCaP, C4-2, MR49F, and 22Rv1 cells <sup>[2]</sup> .

VPC-14449 (0.01-100  $\mu$ M; 24 h) dose-dependently inhibits the transiently expressed full-length human AR in PC3 cells ( $IC_{50}$

=0.34  $\mu$ M) without affecting AR protein expression<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Viability Assay<sup>[2]</sup>

Cell Line:	LNCaP, C4-2, MR49F, and 22Rv1 cells
Concentration:	0.01, 0.1, 10, 100 $\mu$ M
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	Suppressed the growth of every tested cell line.

Western Blot Analysis<sup>[2]</sup>

Cell Line:	LNCaP, C4-2, MR49F, and 22Rv1 cells
Concentration:	0.01, 0.1, 10, 100 $\mu$ M
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	Inhibited endogenous AR transactivation in LNCaP, C4-2 and MR49F cells stimulated with the synthetic androgen R1881.

### In Vivo

VPC-14449 (100 mg/kg; i.p. twice daily for 4 weeks) reduces tumor volume and abolishes PSA production with no decrease in body weight over a total duration 4 weeks in LNCaP xenograft model<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Nude mice (Harlan Sprague-Dawley; 25-31 g; 6-8 weeks) were subcutaneously inoculated with LNCaP cells and castrated <sup>[1]</sup>
Dosage:	100 mg/kg
Administration:	I.p. twice daily for 4 weeks
Result:	Suppressed LNCaP tumor volume and blocked serum PSA production.

## REFERENCES

[1]. Dalal K, et, al. Selectively targeting the DNA-binding domain of the androgen receptor as a prospective therapy for prostate cancer. J Biol Chem. 2014 Sep 19;289(38):26417-26429.

[2]. Dalal K, et, al. Bypassing Drug Resistance Mechanisms of Prostate Cancer with Small Molecules that Target Androgen Receptor-Chromatin Interactions. Mol Cancer Ther. 2017 Oct;16(10):2281-2291.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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