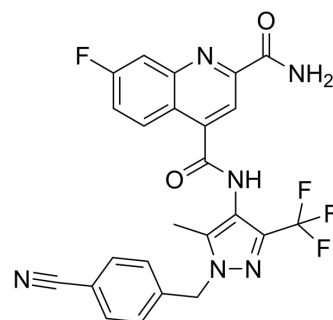


BAY-876

Cat. No.:	HY-100017		
CAS No.:	1799753-84-6		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₄ H ₁₆ F ₄ N ₆ O ₂		
Molecular Weight:	496.42		
Target:	GLUT		
Pathway:	Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 100 mg/mL (201.44 mM)
 Methanol : 1 mg/mL (2.01 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)
 * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.0144 mL	10.0721 mL	20.1442 mL
	5 mM	0.4029 mL	2.0144 mL	4.0288 mL
	10 mM	0.2014 mL	1.0072 mL	2.0144 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 50% PEG300 >> 50% saline
 Solubility: 5 mg/mL (10.07 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.04 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

BAY-876 is an orally active and selective glucose transporter 1 (GLUT1) inhibitor with an IC₅₀ of 2 nM. BAY-876 is >130-fold more selective for GLUT1 than GLUT2, GLUT3, and GLUT4^[1]. BAY-876 is also a potent blocker of glycolytic metabolism and ovarian cancer growth^[2].

IC₅₀ & Target

GLUT1	GLUT2	GLUT3	GLUT4
2 nM (IC ₅₀)	10.08 μM (IC ₅₀)	1.67 μM (IC ₅₀)	0.29 μM (IC ₅₀)

In Vitro

BAY-876 (25-75 nM; 24 and 72 hours) has the growth-inhibitory effect and leads to a dose-dependent decrease in numbers of

SKOV-3 and OVCAR-3 cells^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Proliferation Assay^[2]

Cell Line:	SKOV-3 and OVCAR-3 cells
Concentration:	25, 50, 75 nM
Incubation Time:	24 and 72 hours
Result:	Led to a dose-dependent decrease in numbers of SKOV-3 and OVCAR-3 cells.

In Vivo

BAY-876 (oral administration; 1.5-4.5 mg/kg/day for 28 days) causes a clear dose-dependent inhibition of tumorigenicity in mice^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Female NOD-scid IL2rg ^{null} (NSG) mice carrying SKOV-3 subcutaneous (s.c.) xenografts ^[2]
Dosage:	1.5, 3, 4.5 mg/kg
Administration:	Oral administration; daily; for 28 days
Result:	Caused a clear dose-dependent inhibition of tumorigenicity.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Small. 2021 Aug 4;e2102695.
- Redox Biol. 2021 Jul 26;46:102082.
- J Hazard Mater. 16 October 2021, 127512.
- Expert Opin Ther Pat. 2022 Jan 9.
- Cancers (Basel). 2022, 14(2), 345.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Siebeneicher H et al. Identification and Optimization of the First Highly Selective GLUT1 Inhibitor BAY-876. ChemMedChem. 2016 Aug 23.

[2]. Ma Y, et al. Ovarian Cancer Relies on Glucose Transporter 1 to Fuel Glycolysis and Growth: Anti-Tumor Activity of BAY-876. Cancers (Basel). 2018 Dec 31;11(1).

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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