

Product Data Sheet

Suramin sodium salt

Cat. No.: HY-B0879A CAS No.: 129-46-4

Molecular Formula: $C_{51}H_{34}N_6Na_6O_{23}S_6$

Molecular Weight: 1429.17

Target: Phosphatase; Sirtuin; Reverse Transcriptase; Topoisomerase; Apoptosis; Parasite;

SARS-CoV

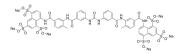
Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Epigenetics; Anti-infection; Pathway:

Apoptosis

4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light Storage:

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture

and light)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 83.33 mg/mL (58.31 mM; Need ultrasonic) H₂O: 50 mg/mL (34.99 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	0.6997 mL	3.4985 mL	6.9971 mL
	5 mM	0.1399 mL	0.6997 mL	1.3994 mL
	10 mM	0.0700 mL	0.3499 mL	0.6997 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: PBS Solubility: 100 mg/mL (69.97 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (1.46 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (1.46 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Suramin sodium salt (Suramin hexasodium salt) is a reversible and competitive protein-tyrosine phosphatases (PTPases) inhibitor [1]. Suramin sodium salt is a potent inhibitor of sirtuins: SirT1 (IC₅₀=297 nM), SirT2 (IC₅₀=1.15 μ M), and SirT5 (IC₅₀=22 μΜ)^[2]. Suramin sodium salt is a competitive inhibitor of reverse transcriptase (DNA topoisomerase II: IC₅₀=5 μΜ)^{[3][4]}. Suramin sodium salt is a potent SARS-CoV-2 RNA-dependent RNA polymerase (RdRp) inhibitor^[5]. Suramin sodium salt efficiently inhibits IP5K and is an antiparasitic, anti-neoplastic and anti-angiogenic agent^{[6][7][8]}.

IC ₅₀ & Target	SIRT1 297 nM (IC ₅₀)	SIRT2 1.15 μM (IC ₅₀)	SIRT5 22 μM (IC ₅₀)	
In Vitro	Suramin sodium salt (Suramin hexasodium salt; 50-600 μg/mL; for 24-96 hours) inhibits cells proliferation in a dose-dependent and time-dependent manner and decreases viability in cancer cells ^[7] . Suramin sodium salt (300 μg/mL; for 48 hours) induces cells apoptosis and down-regulates mRNA expression in HeLa cells ^[7] . Suramin sodium salt (1 mg/mL; 1 hour) significantly suppresses the phosphorylated ERK1/2 ^[8] . The IC ₅₀ values of HO-8910 PM and HeLa are 319 μg/mL, 476 μg/mL, respectively ^[7] . Suramin blocks viral replication in Vero E6 cells ^[5] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Cell Proliferation Assay ^[6]			
	Cell Line:	HO-8910 PM ovarian and Hela cervical cancer cells		
	Concentration:	50, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500 and 600 μg/mL		
	Incubation Time:	For 24, 48, 72 and 96 hours		
	Result:	Inhibited cells proliferation in a dose-dependent and time-dependent manner.		
	Apoptosis Analysis ^[6]			
	Cell Line:	HeLa cells		
	Concentration:	300 μg/mL		
	Incubation Time:	For 48 hours		
	Result:	Induced cells apoptosis.		
	Western Blot Analysis ^[7]			
	Cell Line:	PA-SMCs cells		
	Concentration:	1 mg/mL		
	Incubation Time:	For 1 hour		
	Result:	Significantly suppressed the phosphorylated ERK1/2.		
In Vivo	Suramin sodium salt (Suramin hexasodium salt; 10 mg/kg; IV; twice weekly for 3 weeks) reverses established pulmonary hypertension (PH), thereby normalizing the pulmonary artery pressure values and vessel structure ^[8] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.			
	Animal Model:	Adult male Wistar rats (200-225 g) ^[7]		
	Dosage:	10 mg/kg		
	Administration:	IV; twice weekly for 3 weeks		
	Result:	Reversed established PH, thereby normalizing the pulmonary artery pressure values and vessel structure.		

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nat Struct Mol Biol. 2021 Mar;28(3):319-325.
- Clin Transl Med. 2021 Jun;11(6):e485.
- Int Immunopharmacol. 2023 May 12;120:110295.
- J Biol Chem. 2021 Sep 3;101166.
- J Biol Chem. 2020 Jul 24;295(30):10281-10292.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

REFERENCES

- [1]. Xiaozhe Zhang, et al. Suramin and NF449 Are IP5K Inhibitors That Disrupt IP6-mediated Regulation of Cullin RING Ligase and Sensitize Cancer Cells to MLN4924/pevonedistat. J Biol Chem. 2020 Jun 3;jbc.RA120.014375.
- [2]. Jindal HK, et al. Suramin affects DNA synthesis in HeLa cells by inhibition of DNA polymerases. Cancer Res. 1990 Dec 15;50(24):7754-7.
- [3]. Izikki M, et al. The beneficial effect of suramin on monocrotaline-induced pulmonary hypertension in rats. PLoS One. 2013 Oct 15;8(10):e77073.
- [4]. Zhang YL, et al. Suramin is an active site-directed, reversible, and tight-binding inhibitor of protein-tyrosine phosphatases. J Biol Chem. 1998 May 15;273(20):12281-7.
- [5]. Trapp J, et al. Structure-activity studies on suramin analogues as inhibitors of NAD+-dependent histone deacetylases (sirtuins). ChemMedChem. 2007 Oct;2(10):1419-31.
- [6]. Schuetz A, et al. Structural basis of inhibition of the human NAD*-dependent deacetylase SIRT5 by suramin. Structure. 2007 Mar;15(3):377-89.
- [7]. De Clercq E, et al. Suramin: a potent inhibitor of the reverse transcriptase of RNA tumor viruses. Cancer Lett. 1979 Nov;8(1):9-22.
- [8]. Novaes RD, et al. Purinergic Antagonist Suramin Aggravates Myocarditis and Increases Mortality by Enhancing Parasitism, Inflammation, and Reactive Tissue Damage in Trypanosoma cruzi-Infected Mice. Oxid Med Cell Longev. 2018 Sep 30;2018:7385639.
- [9]. Wanchao Yin, et al. Structural basis for inhibition of the SARS-CoV-2 RNA polymerase by suramin. Nat Struct Mol Biol. 2021 Mar;28(3):319-325.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

Page 3 of 3 www.MedChemExpress.com