Alectinib

Cat. No.:	HY-13011		
CAS No.:	1256580-46-7		
Molecular Formula:	$C_{_{30}}H_{_{34}}N_{_4}O_{_2}$		
Molecular Weight:	482.62		
Target:	Anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK)		
Pathway:	Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month

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SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 3.85 mg/mL (7.98 mM; Need ultrasonic)						
Preparing Stock Solutions	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg		
		1 mM	2.0720 mL	10.3601 mL	20.7202 mL		
	5 mM	0.4144 mL	2.0720 mL	4.1440 mL			
		10 mM					
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent Solubility: 20 mg/	1. Add each solvent one by one: 0.5% CMC-Na/saline water Solubility: 20 mg/mL (41.44 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic					
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 0.38 mg/mL (0.79 mM); Clear solution						
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 0.38 mg/mL (0.79 mM); Clear solution						

Product Data Sheet

ΞN

In Vitro	Alectinib (0-1000 nM; 2 hours; NCI-H2228 cells) treatment could prevent autophosphorylation of ALK in NCI-H2228 cells expressing EML4-ALK, and it also resulted in substantial suppression of phosphorylation of STAT3 and AKT ^[1] . ?Alectinib (0-1000 nM; 5 days; HCC827, A549, or NCIH522 cells) treatment reduces cell activity in a dose-dependent manner ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Western Blot Analysis ^[1]			
	Cell Line:	NCI-H2228 cells		
	Concentration:	0 nM,10 nM,100 nM, 1000 nM		
	Incubation Time:	2 hours		
	Result:	Inhibition of ALK phosphorylation and signal transduction.		
	Cell Viability Assay ^[1]			
	Cell Line:	HCC827, A549, or NCIH522 cells		
	Concentration:	0-1000 nM		
	Incubation Time:	5 days		
	Result:	Reduced cell activity in a dose-dependent manner.		
In Vivo	Alectinib (0.2-20 mg/kg; oral administration; once daily; for 11 days; SCID or nude mice bearing NCI-H2228 cells) treatment can result in dose-dependent tumor growth inhibition (EC ₅₀ of 0.46 mg/kg) and tumor regression. At any dose level, no differences in body weight or gross signs of toxicity are observed ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.			
	Animal Model:	SCID or nude mice bearing NCI-H2228 cells ^[1]		
	Dosage:	0.2 mg/kg, 0.6 mg/kg, 2 mg/kg, 6 mg/kg, 20 mg/kg		
	Administration:	Oral administration; once daily; for 11 days		
	Result:	Resulted in dose-dependent tumor growth inhibition (EC ₅₀ of 0.46 mg/kg) and tumor regression.		

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Science. 2017 Dec 1;358(6367):eaan4368.
- Science. 2014 Oct 3;346(6205):1255784.
- Cell Discov. 2021 May 11;7(1):33.
- Cancer Discov. 2018 Jun;8(6):714-729.
- Cancer Discov. 2016 Oct;6(10):1118-1133.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Sakamoto H, et al. CH5424802, a selective ALK inhibitor capable of blocking the resistant gatekeeper mutant. Cancer Cell. 2011, 19(5), 679-690.

[2]. Gadgeel S, et al. Alectinib versus crizotinib in treatment-naive anaplastic lymphoma kinase-positive (ALK+) non-small-cell lung cancer: CNS efficacy results from the ALEX study. Ann Oncol. 2018 Nov 1;29(11):2214-2222.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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