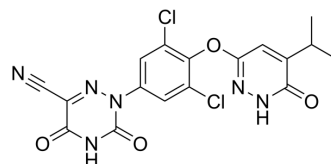


Resmetirom

Cat. No.:	HY-12216		
CAS No.:	920509-32-6		
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₇ H ₁₂ Cl ₂ N ₆ O ₄		
Molecular Weight:	435.22		
Target:	Thyroid Hormone Receptor		
Pathway:	Vitamin D Related/Nuclear Receptor		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 125 mg/mL (287.21 mM; Need ultrasonic)			
		Solvent Concentration	Mass	
			1 mg	5 mg
			10 mg	
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.2977 mL	11.4884 mL	22.9769 mL
	5 mM	0.4595 mL	2.2977 mL	4.5954 mL
	10 mM	0.2298 mL	1.1488 mL	2.2977 mL
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.				
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.78 mM); Clear solution			

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Resmetirom (MGL-3196) is a highly selective thyroid hormone receptor β (THR-β) agonist with an EC ₅₀ value of 0.21 μM.
IC₅₀ & Target	EC ₅₀ : 0.21 μM (THR-β) ^[1]
In Vitro	Resmetirom (MGL-3196) is 28-fold selective for THR-β (EC ₅₀ =0.21 μM) over THR-α (EC ₅₀ =3.74 μM) in a functional assay. Resmetirom (MGL-3196) shows an IC ₂₀ of roughly 30 μM for blockage of the hERG channel. The IC ₅₀ for CYP3A4/5 and for CYP2C19 is >50 μM, and there is only weak inhibition (roughly 22 μM) of CYP2C9 ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
In Vivo	Resmetirom (MGL-3196) exhibits good exposures and reasonable oral bioavailability in rats. The volume of distribution and clearance are both low. Dose proportional increases in exposure are observed for a suspension of Resmetirom (MGL-3196) given orally to DIO mice ^[1] . In animals treated with Resmetirom (MGL-3196) there is a reduction in cholesterol and in liver

size, which is secondary to reduction of liver TG. There is no effect on bone mineral density (BMD) or heart or kidney size in Resmetirom (MGL-3196) treated animals^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Animal Administration ^[1]

Rats^[1]

Resmetirom (MGL-3196), compounds 54 and 55 are formulated in 4% DMSO, 15% PEG-400, and 81% of 30% HPBCD in phosphate buffer and are administered intraperitoneally. For MGL-3196 and 54, 4 rats per group are tested at 5, 20, and 37.5 mg/kg. For 55, 3 rats per group are tested at 5 and 15 mg/kg and 4 rats are tested at 50 mg/kg^[1].

Mice^[1]

Six week old C57Bl/6J mice are placed on a high fat diet for 34 weeks. At day 0, 9 mice per group are treated daily doses by gavage with vehicle (2% Klucel LF, 0.1% Tween 80 in water) or 0.3, 1, 3, or 10 mg/kg Resmetirom (MGL-3196) for 23 days. In a parallel study, at day 0, 9 mice per group are treated with daily doses of vehicle (Dulbecco's phosphate buffered saline, pH adjusted to 9.0 with 1 N NaOH) or 10, 30, or 100 µg/kg T3^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

[1]. Kelly MJ, et al. Discovery of 2-[3,5-dichloro-4-(5-isopropyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yloxy)phenyl]-3,5-dioxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro[1,2,4]triazine-6-carbonitrile (MGL-3196), a Highly Selective Thyroid Hormone Receptor β agonist in clinical trials for the treatment of dyslipidemia. J Med Chem. 2014 May 22;57(10):3912-23.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA