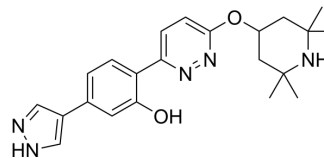


Branaplam

Cat. No.:	HY-19620
CAS No.:	1562338-42-4
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₂ H ₂₇ N ₅ O ₂
Molecular Weight:	393.48
Target:	DNA/RNA Synthesis; Potassium Channel
Pathway:	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 5 mg/mL (12.71 mM); ultrasonic and warming and heat to 80°C

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.5414 mL	12.7071 mL	25.4143 mL
	5 mM	0.5083 mL	2.5414 mL	5.0829 mL
	10 mM	0.2541 mL	1.2707 mL	2.5414 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: ≥ 1 mg/mL (2.54 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: ≥ 0.71 mg/mL (1.80 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 0.71 mg/mL (1.80 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 5% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 50% saline
Solubility: ≥ 0.57 mg/mL (1.45 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 1% DMSO >> 99% saline
Solubility: 0.12 mg/mL (0.30 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Branaplam (LMI070; NVS-SM1) is a highly potent, selective and orally active survival motor neuron-2 (SMN2) splicing modulator with an EC₅₀ of 20 nM for SMN. Branaplam inhibits human-ether-a-go-go-related gene (hERG) with an IC₅₀ of 6.3 μM. Branaplam elevates full-length SMN protein and extends survival in a severe spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) mouse model [1][2].

IC₅₀ & Target	IC50: 20 nM (SMN) ^[1] EC50: 6.3 μM (hERG) ^[2]																
In Vitro	Branaplam (LMI070; NVS-SM1) treatment induces changes in the levels of 175 genes in human fibroblasts ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.																
In Vivo	<p>Branaplam (LMI070; NVS-SM1; 3, 10, 30 mg/kg; oral) produces dose-dependent elevations of SMN2-FL transcript and SMN protein in brain and spinal cord^[1].</p> <p>?Branaplam (1 mg/kg of IV; 3 mg/kg of PO) has a CL of 25 mL/min/kg and an AUC of 3.03 μM·h^[2].</p> <p>?A single Branaplam (oral; 30 mg/kg) results in significant and durable SMN protein elevation in brain for up to 160 hours in C/+ mice^[1].</p> <p>?Branaplam (oral; 0.03, 0.1, 0.3, 1, 3 mg/kg) improves body weight and extends lifespan in n SMNΔ7 mice^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>C/+ SMA mouse model^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>3, 10, 30 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Produced dose-dependent elevations of SMN2-FL transcript and SMN protein in brain and spinal cord.</td> </tr> </table> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Male Sprague-Dawley rat^[2]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>1 mg/kg (IV); 3 mg/kg (PO) (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>IV or PO</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Had a CL of 25 mL/min/kg and an AUC of 3.03 μM·h.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	C/+ SMA mouse model ^[1]	Dosage:	3, 10, 30 mg/kg	Administration:	Oral	Result:	Produced dose-dependent elevations of SMN2-FL transcript and SMN protein in brain and spinal cord.	Animal Model:	Male Sprague-Dawley rat ^[2]	Dosage:	1 mg/kg (IV); 3 mg/kg (PO) (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)	Administration:	IV or PO	Result:	Had a CL of 25 mL/min/kg and an AUC of 3.03 μM·h.
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CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nature. 2021 Aug;596(7871):291-295.
- Nucleic Acids Res. 2023 Apr 7;gkad259.
- Nucleic Acids Res. 2021 Sep 7;49(15):8462-8470.
- bioRxiv. 2020 Jun.
- bioRxiv. 2020 Feb.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Palacino J, et al. SMN2 splice modulators enhance U1-pre-mRNA association and rescue SMA mice. Nat Chem Biol. 2015 Jul;11(7):511-517.

[2]. Cheung AK, et al. Discovery of Small Molecule Splicing Modulators of Survival Motor Neuron-2 (SMN2) for the Treatment of Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA). J Med Chem. 2018 Dec 27;61(24):11021-11036.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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