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Product Data Sheet

Semapimod tetrahydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-15509A	
CAS No.:	164301-51-3	
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₄ H ₅₆ Cl ₄ N ₁₈ O ₂	
Molecular Weight:	890.74	
Target:	p38 MAPK; Interleukin Related; TNF Receptor	
Pathway:	MAPK/ERK Pathway; Immunology/Inflammation; Apoptosis	H ₂ N NH H-CI NH H-CI
Storage:	-20°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture and light)	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

		Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.1227 mL	5.6133 mL	11.2266 mL
		5 mM			
		10 mM			

BIOLOGICAL ACTIV	ИТҮ		
Description	Semapimod tetrahydrochloride (CNI-1493), an inhibitor of proinflammatory cytokine production, can inhibit TNF-α, IL-1β, and IL-6. Semapimod tetrahydrochloride inhibits TLR4 signaling (IC ₅₀ ≈0.3 μM). Semapimod tetrahydrochloride inhibits p38 MAPK and nitric oxide production in macrophages. Semapimod tetrahydrochloride has potential in a variety of inflammatory and autoimmune disorders ^{[1][2][3]} .		
IC ₅₀ & Target	IL-1β	IL-6	р38 МАРК
In Vitro	Semapimod tetrahydrochloride leads to a significant decrease of p38-MAPK phosphorylation in macrophages, proinflammatory gene expression of macrophage inflammatory protein-1alpha, interleukin-6, monocyte chemoattractant protein-1, and intercellular adhesion molecule-1, and neutrophil infiltration. Semapimod tetrahydrochloride completely abrogated nitric oxide production within the tunica muscularis ^[2] . ?Semapimod tetrahydrochloride desensitizes TLR signaling via its effect on the TLR chaperone gp96. Semapimod tetrahydrochloride inhibits ATP-binding and ATPase activities of gp96 in vitro (IC ₅₀ ≈0.2-0.4 μM). Semapimod tetrahydrochloride desensitizes TLR signaling via its effect on the TLR chaperone gp96 ^[3] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		

In Vivo	Semapimod tetrahydro rats ^[1] .	ochloride (5 mg/kg; i.p; daily for 2 weeks) ameliorates endothelial dysfunction in Obese Zucker (OZ)		
	?Semapimod tetrahydı	?Semapimod tetrahydrochloride restores AM-induced akt phosphorylation and cGMP production in OZ rats ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	MCE has not independe			
	Animal Model:	Male OZ rats ^[1]		
	Dosage:	5 mg/kg		
	Administration:	I.p; daily for 2 weeks		
	Result:	Restored endothelium-dependent vasorelaxation in OZ rats.		

REFERENCES

[1]. Wehner S, Set al. Inhibition of p38 mitogen-activated protein kinase pathway as prophylaxis of postoperative ileus in mice. Gastroenterology. 2009;136(2):619-629.

[2]. Nishimatsu H, et al. Blockade of endogenous proinflammatory cytokines ameliorates endothelial dysfunction in obese Zucker rats. Hypertens Res. 2008;31(4):737-743.

[3]. Wang J, et al. Experimental Anti-Inflammatory Drug Semapimod Inhibits TLR Signaling by Targeting the TLR Chaperone gp96. J Immunol. 2016;196(12):5130-5137.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.