**Proteins** 



# BAY-2402234

Cat. No.: HY-112645 CAS No.: 2225819-06-5 Molecular Formula:  $C_{21}H_{18}ClF_{5}N_{4}O_{4}$ 

Molecular Weight: 520.84

Target: DNA/RNA Synthesis; Dihydroorotate Dehydrogenase Pathway: Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease

Powder Storage:

-20°C 3 years 4°C 2 years

-80°C In solvent 6 months

> -20°C 1 month

**Product** Data Sheet

#### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 125 mg/mL (240.00 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.9200 mL	9.5999 mL	19.1998 mL
	5 mM	0.3840 mL	1.9200 mL	3.8400 mL
	10 mM	0.1920 mL	0.9600 mL	1.9200 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (3.99 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (3.99 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (3.99 mM); Clear solution

### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description BAY-2402234 is a selective dihydroorotate dehydrogenase (DHODH) inhibitor for the treatment of myeloid malignancies.

IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

 $DHODH^{[1]}$ .

In Vitro

BAY-2402234 is a selective low-nanomolar inhibitor of human DHODH enzymatic activity. In vitro, it potently inhibits proliferation of AML cell lines in the sub-nanomolar to low-nanomolar range. BAY-2402234 induces differentiation of AML cell lines also in a sub-nanomolar to low-nanomolar range, demonstrating the anticipated mode of action in cellular

	mechanistic assays <sup>[1]</sup> .  MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
In Vivo	BAY-2402234 exhibits strong in vivo anti-tumor efficacy in monotherapy in several subcutaneous and disseminated AML xenografts as well as AML patient-derived xenograft (PDX) models. Target engagement of the novel DHODH inhibitor BAY-2402234 can be observed by increase of tumoral and plasma dihydroorotate levels after treatment with the inhibitor. Consistent with the in vitro data BAY-2402234 induces AML differentiation in vivo as detected by upregulation of differentiation cell surface markers in xenograft and PDX models after treatment with the inhibitor. Furthermore, differentiation-associated transcriptomic changes are evident following a single administration of BAY-2402234 in vivo <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

- Cell Death Discov. 2022 Nov 24;8(1):464.
- iScience. 2021, 102494.
- Research Square Print. 2022 Aug.

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#### **REFERENCES**

[1]. Andreas Janzer, et al. Abstract DDT02-04: BAY 2402234: A novel, selective dihydroorotate dehydrogenase (DHODH) inhibitor for the treatment of myeloid malignancies. AACR Annual Meeting 2018; April 14-18, 2018; Chicago, IL.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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