# **Product** Data Sheet

## β-Amyloid (35-42)

Cat. No.: HY-P1903 CAS No.: 183292-41-3 Molecular Formula:  $C_{33}H_{60}N_8O_9S$ Molecular Weight: 744.94

Sequence: Met-Val-Gly-Gly-Val-Val-Ile-Ala

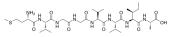
Sequence Shortening: MVGGVVIA Amyloid-β Target:

Pathway: **Neuronal Signaling** 

Storage: Sealed storage, away from moisture

> Powder -80°C 2 years -20°C 1 year

\* The compound is unstable in solutions, freshly prepared is recommended.



#### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro DMSO: 50 mg/mL (67.12 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.3424 mL	6.7120 mL	13.4239 mL
	5 mM	0.2685 mL	1.3424 mL	2.6848 mL
	10 mM	0.1342 mL	0.6712 mL	1.3424 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (3.36 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (3.36 mM); Clear solution

### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

β-Amyloid (35-42) is a peptide consisting of amino acid of 35 to 42 of beta amyloid protein. Description

In Vitro

β-Amyloid Aggregation Guidelines (Following is our recommended protocol. This protocol only provides a guideline, and should be modified according to your specific needs).

- 1. Solid Aβ peptide was dissolved in cold hexafluoro-2-propanol (HFIP). The peptide was incubated at room temperature for at least 1h to establish monomerization and randomization of structure.
- 2. The HFIP was removed by evaporation, and the resulting peptide was stored as a film at -20 or -80 🗵.

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- 3. The resulting film was dissolved in anhydrous DMSO at 5 mM and then diluted into the appropriate concentration and buffer (serum- and phenol red-free culture medium) with vortexing.
- 4. Next, the solution was age 48h at 4-8  $\boxtimes$ . The sample was then centrifuged at 14000g for 10 min at 4-8  $\boxtimes$ ; the soluble oligomers were in the supernatant. The supernatant was diluted 10-200-fold for experiments. Methods vary depends on the downstream applications.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### **REFERENCES**

[1]. Hubin E, et, al. Two distinct  $\beta$ -sheet structures in Italian-mutant amyloid-beta fibrils: a potential link to different clinical phenotypes. Cell Mol Life Sci. 2015 Dec;72(24):4899-913.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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