

# Angiotensin II 5-valine

Cat. No.: HY-P0108 CAS No.: 58-49-1

Molecular Formula:  $C_{49}H_{69}N_{13}O_{12}$ Molecular Weight: 1032.15

Sequence: Asp-Arg-Val-Tyr-Val-His-Pro-Phe

Sequence Shortening: DRVYVHPF

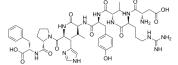
Target: Angiotensin Receptor Pathway: GPCR/G Protein

Sealed storage, away from moisture and light Storage:

> Powder -80°C 2 years -20°C 1 year

 $^{\star}$  In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture

and light)



## **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

H<sub>2</sub>O: 100 mg/mL (96.89 mM; Need ultrasonic)

| Preparing<br>Stock Solutions | Solvent Mass<br>Concentration | 1 mg      | 5 mg      | 10 mg     |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                              | 1 mM                          | 0.9689 mL | 4.8443 mL | 9.6885 mL |
|                              | 5 mM                          | 0.1938 mL | 0.9689 mL | 1.9377 mL |
|                              | 10 mM                         | 0.0969 mL | 0.4844 mL | 0.9689 mL |

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

1. Add each solvent one by one: PBS

Solubility: 33.33 mg/mL (32.29 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic

# **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

| Description               | Angiotensin II 5-valine is an agonist of angiotensin receptor.   |  |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| IC <sub>50</sub> & Target | Angiotensin receptor $^{[1]}$ .  |  |  |
| In Vivo                   | By day 12, systolic blood pressure (SBP) increases significantly in Angiotensin II 5-valine infused rats (197±7 mm Hg). The development of hypertension in ANG II infused rats is prevented by losartan treatment. Blood and kidney samples are harvested, subjected to HPLC to separate Angiotensin II 5-valine (exogenous) from Ile5-ANG II (endogenous) and the fractions are measured by radioimmunoassay. In the Angiotensin II 5-valine infused rats treated with losartan, total plasma |  |  |

ANG II levels are elevated to a greater extent than in rats not treated with losartan (289±20 v 119±14 fmol/mL). However, losartan markedly decrease by 88% the enhancement of intrarenal Val5-ANG II content that occurred in the rats infused with Val5-ANG II alone<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### **PROTOCOL**

Animal
Administration [1]

Rats<sup>[1]</sup>

Male Sprague Dawley rats are uninephrectomized and divided into three groups: control (n=6), Angiotensin II 5-valine (exogenous form) infused (n=8), and Angiotensin II 5-valine infused rats treat with losartan (n=8). Angiotensin II 5-valine, which has the same biological and immunoreactive properties as endogenous ANG II, was infused at 40 ng/min via an osmotic minipump implant subcutaneously<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### **REFERENCES**

[1]. Zou LX et al. Renal uptake of circulating angiotensin II in Val5-angiotensin II infused rats is mediated by AT1 receptor. Am J Hypertens. 1998 May;11(5):570-8.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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